



FINAL EXAMINATION JULY 2022

COURSE TITLE

INTRODUCTION TO MANAGEMENT

COURSE CODE

FMGT0114

DATE/DAY

18 OCTOBER 2022 / TUESDAY

TIME/DURATION

09:00 AM - 12:00 PM / 03 Hour(s) 00 Minute(s)

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES:

1. Please read the instruction under each section carefully.

2. Candidates are reminded not to bring into examination hall/room any form of written materials or electronic gadget except for stationery that is permitted by the Invigilator.

3. Students who are caught breaching the Examination Rules and Regulation will be charged with an academic dishonesty and if found guilty of the offence, the maximum penalty is expulsion from the University.

(This Question Paper consists of 12 Printed Pages including front page)

There are THREE (3) sections in this paper. Answer ALL questions. (100 MARKS)

SEC	TION A (40 Warks)
The pape	re are FORTY (40) questions in this part. Answer ALL questions in the OMR er.
1.	The function of management that defines goals and establishes strategies to achieve them is called
	A. leadingB. planningC. controllingD. organizing
2.	Efficiency is concerned with while effectiveness is concerned with A. means; ends B. ends; means
3.	D. primary goal; secondary goal Secondary skills include the following EXCEPT
	B. ends; means C. objective; goals D. primary goal; secondary goal Secondary skills include the following EXCEPT A. design skill B. human skill C. leadership skill D. communication skill
4.	Finance manager, Human Resource manager and Plant manager are examples of
	A. top management

C. first-line managementD. superior management

5.	selling it at market price while knowing that the furniture will break before its time. This practice is an example of
	A. legal and ethicalB. illegal but ethicalC. legal but unethicalD. illegal and unethical
6.	Razif, a bank manager, has been secretly transferring small amounts of money from each depositor's account into his own account using the bank infrastructure without the consent of the depositor. This practice is an example of
	A. legal and ethicalB. illegal but ethicalC. legal but unethicalD. illegal and unethical
7.	The Sarbanes-Oxley Act is a legal requirement for compliance that promotes
	A. green marketing B. work-life balance C. customers' right to be heard D. fair stewardship and full disclosure
8.	Microsoft donated over \$1.4 billion to non-profit organizations around the world to access essential technology and skills. This refers to
	A. corporate philanthropy B. corporate responsibility C. cause-related-marketing D. donation-marketing-cause
9.	Common beliefs that are shared among the stakeholders of an organization are called
	A. vision B. values C. missions D. objectives

10.	In th	ne aspect of specificity, goals are while objectives are	
	A. B. C. D.	general; specific specific; general authentic; generic generic; authentic	
11.	A go	ood objective should be SMART. SMART stands for	
	A. B. C. D.	specific, memorable, absolute, relevant, timed strategic, memorable, attainable, reliable, timed specific, measurable, attainable, relevant, timed strategic, measurable, answerable, reliable, timed	
12.		ne aspect of a time frame, goals have a time frame while ectives have a time frame.	
	A. B. C. D.	longer; shorter shorter; longer fixed; changeable changeable; fixed	
13.	The	SWOT approach assesses an organization's	
	A. B. C. D.	speed, wants, order, timing signs, worries, objectives, technique studies, workflow, opportunities, trials strengths, weakness, opportunities, threats	
14.		trategy tool that involves separating the primary and supporting activities to ble analysis on internal firm activities being made is called	
	A. B. C. D.	VRIO PESTEL value chain micro-environment	

15.		rganization that has resources and strengths that are valuable, rare, not easily ted by other firms and cannot be exploited by the organization provides a
	A. B. C. D.	competitive parity realistic competitive advantage temporary competitive advantage sustainable competitive advantage
16.		ctric vehicle owners are exempted from paying road tax until December 2023". ch segment of PESTEL analysis does the statement relate to?
	A. B. C. D.	Legal Social Political Economics
17.	has	ch type of departmentalization is used by an information technology firm that three departments based upon retail, private enterprises and governmental sumers?
	A. B. C. D.	Product Customer Functional Geographic
18.	The	number of subordinates that report directly to a manager is called
	A. B. C. D.	span of control organization change hierarchy of authority decentralized decision making
19.	Whi	ch of the following is NOT among the reasons employees resist change?
	A. B. C. D.	Change in salary or benefits Anxiety in learning new things Uncertainty on outcome of change Employees will receive more support

20.		anager that has a very small number of subordinates and must monitor the work subordinates very closely on the task given has a
	A. B. C,	tall organizational hierarchy flat organizational hierarchy short organizational hierarchy
	D.	longitudinal organizational hierarchy
21.		th of the following is the power that rests on the leader's ability to punish or mmend punishment?
	A. B. C. D.	Reward power Political power Coercive power Legitimate power
20	\A/ln i.a	sh of the following DOES NOT identify chariemetic leaders?
<i>ZZ</i> .	VVIIIC	th of the following DOES NOT identify charismatic leaders?
	A.	usually risk takers
	В. С.	sensitive to their surroundings unable to articulate their vision to others
	D.	gathers followers though charm and personality
		//: // \/ // // // // // // // // // // //
23.		ch of the following leadership theories that links a leader's behavioural style with eadiness of subordinates?
23.		eadiness of subordinates?
23.	the r A. B.	eadiness of subordinates?
23.	the r A. B. C.	eadiness of subordinates?
23.	the r A. B.	eadiness of subordinates?
	A. B. C. D.	Influence theory Great man theory Situational leadership theory Hersey and Blanchard theory
23.	A. B. C. D.	Influence theory Great man theory Situational leadership theory Hersey and Blanchard theory ch of the following is NOT a quality of a manager?
	A. B. C. D. Which	Influence theory Great man theory Situational leadership theory Hersey and Blanchard theory ch of the following is NOT a quality of a manager? Fragile
	A. B. C. Which A. B. C.	Influence theory Great man theory Situational leadership theory Hersey and Blanchard theory ch of the following is NOT a quality of a manager? Fragile Rational Persistent
	A. B. C. D. Which A. B.	Influence theory Great man theory Situational leadership theory Hersey and Blanchard theory ch of the following is NOT a quality of a manager? Fragile Rational
24.	the r A. B. C. D. Which A. B. C. D.	Influence theory Great man theory Situational leadership theory Hersey and Blanchard theory ch of the following is NOT a quality of a manager? Fragile Rational Persistent Authoritative
	the r A. B. C. D. Which A. B. C. D.	Influence theory Great man theory Situational leadership theory Hersey and Blanchard theory ch of the following is NOT a quality of a manager? Fragile Rational Persistent
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24.	A. B. C. D. Strate A. B. C. D.	Influence theory Great man theory Situational leadership theory Hersey and Blanchard theory ch of the following is NOT a quality of a manager? Fragile Rational Persistent Authoritative tegic human resource differs from traditional human resource by being ritualistic and reactive pessimistic and reactive
24.	A. B. C. D. Strain	Influence theory Great man theory Situational leadership theory Hersey and Blanchard theory ch of the following is NOT a quality of a manager? Fragile Rational Persistent Authoritative tegic human resource differs from traditional human resource by being ritualistic and reactive

26.	The 5P model of strategic human resource management includes the fo EXCEPT	llowing
	A. policies B. practices C. philosophy D. presentation	
27.	The following are aims of strategic human resource management Ex	XCEPT
	 A. to achieve integration B. to give sense of direction C. to provide emotional support D. to develop strategic competencies 	
28.	'Employees are considered as the strategic potential of an organization and being made to differentiate themselves from competitors in the market'. nature of SHRM does the statement relate to?	effort is Which
	 A. SHRM engages with long-term focus B. SHRM is associated with goal-setting C. SHRM fosters corporate excellence skills D. SHRM is inter-related with business strategies 	
29.	Which of the following are reasons why control is important?	
	 I. Plans do not always run smoothly II. Plans require revision when it is outdated III. Plans are executed by people with different ability V. Plans are executed by people with different levels of acceptance 	
	A. I, II and III B. I, II and IV C. I, III and IV D. II, III and IV	
30.	Adequate control requires the following EXCEPT	
	 A. control should be flexible B. control should not be objective C. control should lead to corrective actions D. control should be tailored to plans and position 	

31.	Whi	ch of the following is the correct order of a basic control process?
	I. II. III. IV. V.	Explain the differences Compare performance Take corrective actions Establish a standard Measure performance
	A. B. C. D.	IV, V, II, I and III I, II, III, IV and V IV, I, V, II and III V, IV, II, I and III
32.	The	importance of a good control system includes:
	I. II. III. IV.	Improves efficiency Increases employee loyalty Ensures order and discipline Improves employees' working hours
	A. B. C. D.	I and II I and IV III and IV
33.		ontrolling ownership in a business enterprise in one country by an entity based nother country'. This statement refers to
	A. B. C. D.	ontrolling ownership in a business enterprise in one country by an entity based nother country. This statement refers to import export licensing foreign direct investment
34.		company gives another company permission to manufacture its product for a cified payment. This statement refers to
	A. B. C. D.	import export licensing foreign direct investment

A. B. C. D.

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35.	The	nature	of	international	business	involves	the	following	EXCEPT
	Α.	proactive							
	В.	large sca							
	C. D.			nestic business /ith political risk					
	υ.	Surround	eu w	ntii poilticai iisr	\ _0				
36.	The	importand	ce of	international b	usiness incl	ludes:			
	1.	Exposed	to e	xternal risk					
	II.			pportunities					
	III.			te of resources					
	IV.	Increase	d so	cio-economic w	velfare				
	Α.	l and III							
	В.	I and IV							
	C.	II and III							
	D.	II and IV							
37.	Whi	ch of the f	ollov	ving is NOT a c	component o	of globaliza	ition?		
	Α.	market		M_{2}					
	В. С.	leaders production	440	/ V / /					
	D.	technolo		Epa	1				
		YIN	9. 17	Oct 17/7/		> .			
38.	Glob	alization	prov	ides the followi	ng benefits	EXCEPT			
		*no tempian/apranta	*00 NO	, 6/0	rintin-00	except of the contract of the			
	А. В.		6 A.	roduction echnology	19, is no	MAZ			
	Б. С.			mployment	,0	perm.	4		
	D.			l at lower price	with higher	quality	Y		
				to emission-more appropriate Standards and	and the same of th	ed assembly of			
39.	Whi	ch of the	foll	owing correctly	v ranks bus	siness acti	vitv fr	om lowest	to highest
		national a			,		,		J
	Ĺ.	Global b							
	11.	Domesti							
	III.			business					
	IV.	wuunat	onal	business					

- 40. Which of the following is an example of franchising?
 - A. Starbucks
 - B. McDonald's
 - C. Microsoft Office
 - D. Disney T-shirt by UNIQLO



SECTION B (10 Marks)

There are TEN (10) questions in this part. Identify whether the statements are TRUE or FALSE. Write the answer in the answer booklet

No.	Statements	True or False			
1.	POLC stands for planning, organizing, leading and controlling.				
2.	Ethics are beliefs about right and wrong and are not legally stated.				
3.	Vision is a long-term view that concentrates on a desired future state.				
4.	PESTEL stands for politics, economics, social, technology, ecosystem and legal.				
5.	Geographic structure refers to an organizational structure that simultaneously groups people and resources by function and product.				
6.	Charismatic leadership emphasizes that leadership cannot be understood separately from various elements of the group or organizational situation.				
7.	Strategic human resource management sets a unified framework that integrates and organizes a HR system that works in accordance with the organizational strategic objectives.				
8.	Control activities can create undesirable overemphasis on short-term production rather than long-term production.				
9.	Import refers to the selling of products and services to other countries.				
10.	Licensing and franchising are types of international business.				

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SECTION C (50 Marks)

There are THREE (3) questions in this part. Answer ALL questions in the answer booklet.

Question 1 (20 marks)

Organizing is a process by which managers establish the structure of working relationships among employees to achieve goals.

- a) Explain the functional and product divisional structure of departmentalization and illustrate the structure using an appropriate diagram. (12 marks)
- b) Discuss **TWO (2)** advantages of each functional and product divisional structure of departmentalization. (8 marks)

Question 2 (20 Marks)

Leadership refers to the ability to influence people towards the attainment of organizational goals.

a) Compare and contrast management and leadership.

(10 marks)

b) Discuss **FIVE (5)** personal characteristics of leaders.

(10 marks)

Question 3 (10 Marks)

Globalization that integrates the whole world economy enables international products and services to be accessed by individuals in many countries from diverse economic backgrounds.

Discuss FIVE (5) effects of globalization.

(10 marks)

END OF QUESTION PAPER